AMERICA MOVES TO WAR
DAILY QUIZ – JAN 9/10

1. What was the policy of “appeasement” and where was it decided on?

2. Describe the German strategy of blitzkrieg

#SquadGoals

Students will be able to...

- Determine how America shifted from isolationism to internationalism
- Determine the effects of the Attack on Pearl Harbor
WHAT HAPPENED TO START WW II?
TIMELINE

• September 18, 1931- Japan invades Manchuria (in China)
• March 1938- Germany claims Austria
• September 29, 1938- Munich Agreement
• September 1, 1939- Germany invades Poland
• June 22, 1940- Germany occupies France
• December 8, 1941- USA declares war on Japan
HOW DID WE GET TO THE LAST STEP?
NYE COMMITTEE (REVIEW)

- It’s job – to find out what got us into WWI
- The results – Businesses looking to make money off wartime profits may have pressured the U.S. to go to war
ISOLATIONIST DEBATE

Match the groups on your notes to their definition

- Fight for Freedom Committee- Pro-war. Wanted to repeal all the neutrality laws and take stronger action against Germany.
- America First Committee- Isolationist group. Opposed Roosevelt’s extra help to the Allied countries
- Committee to Defend America by Aiding the Allies- Middle ground. Didn’t want armed conflict, but endorsed supporting the Allies.
WHAT WERE ROOSEVELT’S THOUGHTS ON WAR?

• Roosevelt was always an internationalist- he thought that international relations would help stimulate the economy

• “War is a contagion, whether it be declared or undeclared. It can engulf states and peoples remote from the original scene of hostilities... we cannot have complete protection in a world of disorder in which confidence and security have broken down.”

• “…enduring peace cannot be bought at the cost of other people's freedom.”
POLICIES MOVING US TOWARD INVOLVEMENT

• **Destroyers for Bases**: The US gives 50 destroyer class warships to Britain in exchange for the ability to build naval bases on British land.

• **Lend Lease Act**: We could *lend* war materials to countries that were “vital to the defense of the United States”

• **Hemispheric Defense Zone**: Roosevelt says the Western half of the Atlantic Ocean is “neutral” in the war and America will protect it.
POLICIES MOVING US TOWARD INVOLVEMENT

• The Atlantic Charter: A document made by Roosevelt and Churchill that planned for what the world would look like after the war (democratic)
  • At this meeting, Roosevelt told Churchill he would look for an excuse to get in the war

• Japanese Embargo: In response to Japanese expansion, the U.S. refused to sell war materials to Japan
  • How does Japan feel about this?
WHAT WERE THE OPINIONS ON GOING TO WAR AT THIS POINT?
PEARL HARBOR
“DAY OF INFAMY” SPEECH

• As we listen to Roosevelt ask Congress to declare war on Japan, follow along on your note sheet

• Answer the questions in your notes about the effect of Roosevelt’s speech
DOOLITTLE RAIDS

http://www.history.com/topics/world-war-ii/james-h-doolittle/videos/battle-360-the-doolittle-raid

• Plan to bomb Tokyo in retribution for Pearl Harbor
• Bombers couldn’t reach Tokyo and make back to an aircraft carrier – not enough fuel
• Instead, they would fly over Japan and continue to China, where they could refuel